CLAIMS

That which is claimed is:

- 1. A laser including an external cavity, comprising:
 - (a) a channel selector tuner configured to tune said laser to a selected channel; and
 - (b) an external cavity tuner configured to tune said external cavity to a selected optical path length;
 - (c) said channel selector tuner independently operable with respect to said external cavity tuner.
- 2. The laser of claim 1, wherein:
 - (a) said channel selector tuner is operable according to a channel selection signal; and
 - (b) said external cavity is operable according to a cavity mode signal.
- 3. The laser of claim 2, wherein said channel selection signal is derived independently from said cavity mode signal.
- 4. The laser of claim 3, wherein:
 - (a) said channel selection signal is derived from channel selector tuning data in a look-up table; and
 - (b) said cavity mode signal is derived from a detector configured to measure external cavity loss associated with cavity optical path length.
- 5. The laser of claim 1, wherein:
 - (a) said channel selector tuner is operatively coupled to a first controller and operable according to channel selector tuning data in a look-up table; and
 - (b) said external cavity tuner is operatively coupled to a second controller and operable according to error signals derived from a detector

configured to measure external cavity loss associated with cavity optical path length.

- 6. An external cavity laser, comprising:
 - (a) a wavelength tuning mechanism configured to select a transmission wavelength according to a wavelength selection signal; and
 - (b) an external cavity mode tuning mechanism configured to select a cavity optical path length according to a cavity mode signal;
 - said wavelength tuning mechanism configured to operate independently from said cavity mode tuning mechanism.
- 7. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 6, wherein said wavelength selection signal is derived independently from said cavity mode signal.
- 8. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 7, wherein:
 - (a) said wavelength selection signal is acquired from wavelength selection data stored in a look-up table; and
 - (b) said cavity mode signal is derived from a detector configured to measure external cavity loss associated with cavity optical path length.
- 9. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 6, wherein:
 - (a) said wavelength tuning mechanism is operatively coupled to a first controller and operable according to wavelength tuning data in a look-up table; and
 - (b) said external cavity tuning assembly is operatively coupled to a second controller and operable according to error signals derived from a detector configured to measure external cavity loss associated with cavity optical path length.
- 10. An external cavity laser apparatus, comprising:
 - (a) a wavelength tuning element; and
 - (b) an external cavity mode tuning element;

(c) said wavelength tuning element configured to tune orthogonally with respect to said external cavity mode tuning element.

11. An external cavity laser apparatus, comprising:

- (a) a wavelength tuning assembly; and
- (b) an external cavity optical path length tuning assembly;
- said wavelength tuning assembly operable uncoupled from said external cavity optical path length tuning assembly.

12. An external cavity laser apparatus, comprising:

- (a) a gain medium having first and second output facets, said gain medium emitting a coherent beam from said first output facet along an optical path;
- (b) an end mirror located in said optical path, said end mirror and said second output facet defining an external cavity;
- (c) a wavelength tuning element positioned in said optical path before said end mirror;
- (d) a wavelength tuning assembly operatively coupled to said wavelength tuning element and configured to adjust said wavelength tuning element; and
- (e) a cavity optical path length tuning assembly operatively coupled to said external cavity and configured to adjust said external cavity optical path length;
- (f) said wavelength tuning assembly configured to operate independently from said cavity optical path length tuning assembly.
- 13. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 12, wherein:
- (a) a wavelength tuning assembly operates according to a wavelength selection signal; and
- (b) said cavity optical path length tuning assembly operates according to a cavity mode signal;

- (c) said wavelength selection signal derived independently from said cavity mode signal.
- 14. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 13, wherein, said wavelength selection signal is derived from wavelength tuning data in a look-up table.
- 15. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 13, wherein said cavity mode signal is an error signal derived from a detector configured to measure external cavity loss associated with cavity optical path length.
- 16. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 15, wherein said detector comprises a voltage sensor configured measure voltage modulation across said gain medium.
- 17. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 13, further comprising a modulation element, said modulation element operatively coupled to said external cavity and configured to introduce a modulation to said cavity optical path length, said modulation usable to derive said cavity error mode signal.
- 18. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 13, wherein said cavity optical path length tuning assembly comprises a thermally tunable compensating member, said thermally tunable compensating member coupled to said end mirror.
- 19. The external cavity laser apparatus of claim 13, further comprising a grid generator positioned in said optical path.
 - 20. A method for tuning an external cavity laser, comprising:
 - (a) tuning a channel selector with a first tuning element according to a first, wavelength selection signal; and
 - (b) tuning an external cavity optical path length with a second tuning element according to a second, cavity mode error signal;

- (c) said tuning said channel selector carried out independently from said tuning said external cavity optical path length.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein said first, wavelength selection signal is derived independently from said second, cavity mode signal.
- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein said tuning by said first tuning element is carried out substantially orthogonally with respect to said tuning by said second tuning element.
 - 23. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
 - (a) controlling said first tuning element with a first controller; and
 - (b) controlling said second tuning element with a second controller.
 - 24. The method of claim 20, further comprising:
 - (a) deriving said first, wavelength selection signal from a stored look-up table of adjustment parameter data; and
 - (b) deriving said second, cavity mode error signal from output from a sensor configured to monitor external cavity loss associated with said external cavity optical path length.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein said deriving said second, cavity mode error signal comprises monitoring voltage modulation across a gain medium associated with said external cavity.
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein said deriving said second, cavity mode error signal comprises introducing a frequency modulation to said external cavity optical path length, said frequency modulation detectable by said sensor.
 - 27. A laser apparatus, comprising:
 - (a) wavelength tuning means for adjusting a channel selector;
 - (b) external cavity tuning means for adjusting optical path length, and

- (c) means for decoupling said wavelength tuning means from said external cavity tuning means.
- 28. The laser apparatus of claim 27, further comprising:
- (a) means for deriving a wavelength selection signal for said wavelength tuning means; and
- (b) means for deriving an optical path length signal for said external cavity tuning means;
- (c) said wavelength signal deriving means operable independently from said optical path length signal deriving means.
- 29. The laser apparatus of claim 27, wherein said wavelength tuning means comprises wavelength selection control means for actuating a channel selector according to signals derived from optical output of said laser.
- 30. The laser apparatus of claim 29, wherein said external cavity tuning means comprises external cavity control means for actuating a reflector according to signals derived from voltage monitored across a gain medium of said laser.